

AI service-provider oversight example

Qualified Individuals, financial-services security and procurement teams

[Read the complete guide on aona.ai](#)

For an institution covered by the FTC Safeguards Rule, an AI vendor receiving customer information belongs in the relevant service-provider review. Assess its ability to safeguard that information, require appropriate safeguards by contract and periodically reassess the provider. A product label does not establish those facts.

A fictional tax-preparation firm evaluates a limited wording task before permitting customer documents. Each finding leads to a specific evidence action.

Synthetic institution and procurement case. No real provider approval, contract or safeguards test is represented.

Your review

Reviewer: _____ Date: _____

Organisation or team: _____

☐ Confirm applicable coverage

Identify the institution, customer-information categories and relevant provider role.

☐ Match safeguards to the task

Review capability evidence, contractual requirements and ongoing assessment as three separate checks.

☐ Name the continuing owner

Record who responds to service changes, incidents and periodic reassessment findings.

Checked items record your review, not a compliance approval or an installed-product test result.

Notes and next actions

Decision and scope: _____

Evidence to collect: _____

Owner and next review date: _____

Review matrix

Review area	Illustrative finding	Evidence action
Institution and information	Fictional covered tax-preparation firm; source files contain nonpublic client information.	Compliance owner confirms actual scope and data categories.
Necessity	Generic wording help does not require complete tax returns.	Business owner selects an invented or reduced-context first task.

Review area	Illustrative finding	Evidence action
Provider capability	Service-specific handling and safeguards have not been assessed in the scenario.	Security requests evidence relevant to the exact service and data flow.
Contract	Appropriate safeguards must be reflected in the applicable agreement.	Procurement records the actual obligations and unresolved terms.
Monitoring	No monitoring arrangement exists in the fictional starting proposal.	Assign a provider owner, review cadence and change triggers.
Test and decision	No live customer-data use or control test is authorised by the exercise.	Use synthetic material; record actual results and the accountable decision separately.

Three different evidence steps

- **Select:** Can the provider safeguard this information?
- **Contract:** What obligations apply to the actual service?
- **Reassess:** Are the safeguards still adequate as risk changes?

Safe example task

“Improve the wording of a generic message telling a client how to arrange an appointment. Do not invent names, income, tax identifiers or account information.”

Example disposition

Proceed only with the invented wording exercise. The customer-document proposal remains outside this teaching decision. Actual service terms, controls and accountable review must be established for any real customer-information use.

Sources and scope

Sources checked 2026-09-21. Review the current requirements and your actual agreement before using this workbook for a real decision. General information, not professional approval or a completed control test. It is not the institution's Qualified Individual or an automatic vendor-risk approval system. Its own handling requires review where relevant.

[FTC: Safeguards Rule, what your business needs to know](#). Covered institutions, customer information, service-provider oversight and the notification threshold and process.

[16 CFR 314.2: Definitions](#). Customer information, financial-institution scope and the definition and acquisition presumption for a notification event.

[16 CFR 314.4: Information-security programme elements](#). Service-provider oversight under paragraph (f) and FTC notification timing, content and discovery under paragraph (j).